

KEY FACTS

The **humanitarian situation in Sudan remains complex**, with acute humanitarian needs across the Darfur region, Blue Nile and South Kordofan states, eastern Sudan and other areas.

Sudan is a **priority country for Italy** that works for combating poverty, improving health services and social conditions.

Among crosscutting sectors, the Agency works towards social inclusion particularly addressing gender, disability, women's empowerment, and migration.

Since 2000, until the present time it has benefitted of about 150 million Euro.

Fundings: Multilateral Programme – Bilateral Programme – Italian NGOs

Targeted areas: Red Sea; Gedaref; Kassala Khartoum, El Gezira, Blue Nile



People in Need: 5.5 MLN

Children in Need: 2.6 MLN

People in Food Crisis: 5.7 MLN

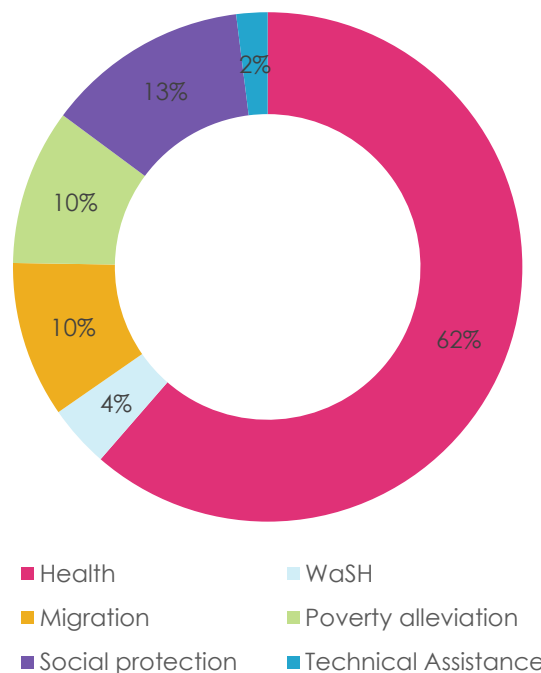
Refugees: 1.2 MLN

IDPs: 1.86 MLN

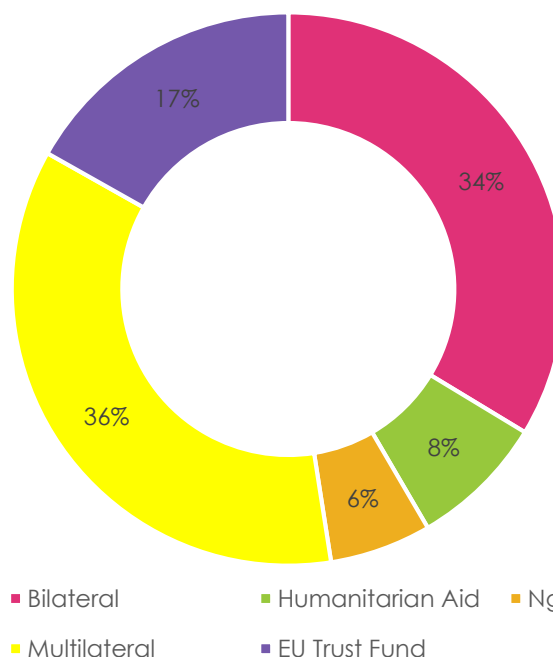
TOTAL BUDGET - Ongoing

SUDAN (INCLUDING EU TRUST FUND): 84.7 M EURO

ON GOING TOP FUNDED SECTORS



ON GOING TOP CHANNEL





- 2.5 Million malnourished < 5 years
- 5.7 Million people in food crisis/emergency
- Only 40-50% of the population have access to basic health services
- 64.7 years, life expectancy



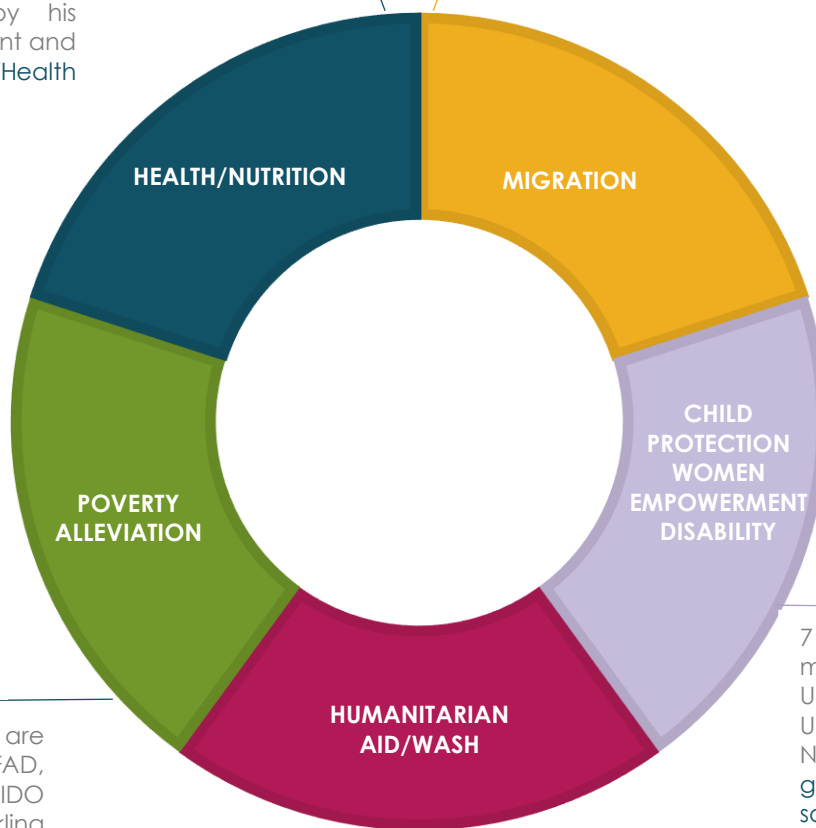
- 1.86 Million IDPs
- 1.2 Million Refugees

AICS is one of the largest donors in the Sudanese healthcare sector with 24 initiatives: in 2018-2019, 66% of the funding has been dedicated to healthcare activities.

Italy has been appointed as "donor convenor" of the UN Programme "Scaling up Nutrition". The role of recognized leadership among donors played by Italy in the health sector is confirmed by his appointment as movement and vice president of the "Health Partnership Forum".

5 initiatives in place with IOM, UNHCR and UNOPS aimed at:

- Improving the ability of government authorities to regulate illegal migratory flows;
- Respecting human rights for migrants in Sudan;
- Ensuring an improvement in water supply and services, health and hygiene for refugees and the local population.

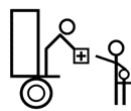


- HDI: 167th place out of 188 countries
- Poverty rate: 46.5%
- 1 Sudanese out of 4 lives below the extreme poverty line



- GI: 135th place out of 155 countries
- FGM: 88%
- Access to education for PwDs: 60%

5 multilateral projects are ongoing with the FAO, IFAD, UNWOMEN, UNDP and UNIDO and 1 bilateral tackling Poverty Alleviation. The aim is to contribute to the improvement, in a permanent and sustainable way, of access to water, to the improvement of food security, to the increase in per capita income, relying above all on women and young people. The use of credit microfinance and the creation of revolving funds has allowed the development of sustainable agricultural techniques, aimed at reducing pathogens and improving the variety and to ensure preservability and horticultural qualities to strengthen the business management.



- 67% do not have access to drinking water;
- 49% do not have access to adequate sanitation facilities

5 emergency initiatives implemented by AICS, NGOs and International Organizations aimed at improving living conditions by providing assistance to basic services (WASH, access to drinking water and health services, distribution of food, health equipment and supplies) and to prevent, control and treat acute and moderate malnutrition in children under five years, in pregnant women and young lactating mothers. Particular attention is given to Antenatal Care. Assistance is ensured to mixed migration and response to AWD Emergency.

7 ongoing bilateral, AND multilateral initiatives with UNICEF, UNESCO and UNWOMEN and with Italian NGO. The aim is to promote gender equality and the social inclusion and protection of children and persons with disabilities to have equal access to goods and services by increasing resilience through activities of poverty reduction, shared prosperity and human rights in line with SDGs # 4 - # 5 - # 8 and # 10 for an equitable education, participation, and economic growth.

The interventions strengthen the institutional capacities for the development of national policies and action plans and targeted interventions aimed at increasing resilience through inclusive educational and poverty reduction models.